## WORK AND SAFETY PLAN

## Cooperative STS and Eradication Gypsy Moth Project For Indiana - 2014

This Work and Safety Plan covers the Gypsy Moth Slow The Spread (STS) cooperative treatment project and the Gypsy Moth Eradication cooperative treatment project which are represented by an Environmental Assessment document, Decision Notice & Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) document, Economic Analysis and Biological Evaluation for each project.

## 1.0 Personnel / Organization

This project is conducted by the Indiana Department of Natural Resources (Division of Entomology and Plant Pathology and the Division of Forestry) with cooperation from the USDA, Forest Service.

- 1.1 STATE ENTOMOLOGIST Overall responsibility for the project under Indiana law with authority to initiate and stop the project at any time.
- 1.2 STATE FORESTER Provides contract administration and cooperation between and with the USDA Forest Service.
- 1.3 FOREST HEALTH SPECIALIST (Div. Forestry) Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with the Forest Entomologist; prepares and reviews the environmental assessment; assists with public meetings; prepares and assists with treatment and contract; assists with biological evaluation; and coordinates and administers work and safety plan.
- 1.4 FOREST ENTOMOLOGIST (Div. Forestry) Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with Forest Health Specialist and Supervisory Entomologist; conducts biological evaluation of the project; prepares treatment boundaries; provides GIS support for the project; conducts pre treatment assessments for boundaries and aerial safety concerns; and assists in work and safety plan administration.
- 1.5 NURSERY INSPECTORS AND COMPLIANCE OFFICERS (Div. Entomology) Provides supervision of the project in conjunction with the Forest Health Specialist and
  Forest Entomologist; conducts and assists with public meetings and public notification;
  assists and conducts biological evaluation; assists with work and safety plan; conducts
  treatments serving as treatment site observer and/or treatment site coordinator; prepares
  and reviews environmental assessment; monitors treatment progress; answers phone calls
  and monitors weather radar.
- 1.6 TREATMENT SITE OBSERVER Monitors aerial application of treatment material from the ground; observes aircraft for proper operation of treatment equipment;

documents and reports defective nozzle operation; sets and retrieves spray deposit cards(if used) or monitors vehicles and other objects for spray deposition; records weather information (temperature, humidity and wind speed) and foliage expansion; records start and completion time of application; maintains radio contact with applicator; and communicates to people within treatment site.

- 1.7 TREATMENT SITE COORDINATOR Conducts activities of treatment site observer; coordinates activities of treatment site observers; maintains radio contact with contractor and observers; approves start of application to the treatment site and release of the pilot to go to the next treatment site and records all activities of the treatment site.
- 1.8 LOAD SITE OBSERVER Observes and records mixing and loading of treatment material; performs check of treatment equipment on aircraft for compliance with contract specifications; records amount of treatment material loaded and remaining after application; views digital application files for accuracy of application & advise applicator of any errors or problems; records other data on aircraft and pilot conducting each application; and coordinates project communications among treatment site observers, treatment site coordinators and other staff involved in the treatment.
- 1.9 CENTRAL COMMUNICATIONS OFFICER Receives and responds to phone calls from the 800 number; maintains conference call to treatment site observers; treatment site coordinators; load site observer; monitors weather radars; maintains call list of people requesting notification for health reasons; coordinates with Division of Communications for press releases.
- 1.10 CONTRACTOR Responsible to know and meet all state and federal regulations regarding treatment material use and aerial application; comply with specifications of the contract; to provide a safety plan for spills and safety equipment for his employees; to provide security for aircraft and treatment materials, and to conduct pre application safety meeting and fly-over of the site.

The Forest Health Specialist and Forest Entomologist are responsible for administering the treatment operation and this work and safety plan.

The use of 'state agent' in this plan refers to the personnel listed above in 1.3 to 1.9.

### 2.0 Treatment Areas

The Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IDNR), Division of Entomology & Plant Pathology and Division of Forestry, proposes a cooperative project with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Forest Service (USFS) to treat the gypsy moth populations at six sites in four counties that cover an estimated 26,792 acres (Table 1 below and maps in Appendix B). The preferred alternative for the cooperative project is Alternative 4: Btk and/or mating disruption.

Table 1.	Number of	of Treatment	Sites and	Acres b	y County	v and T	<b>Treatment</b>	Method	for 2014.

	TREATMI	ENT SITES	TREATMENT ACRES			
COUNTY	By Treatm	ent Method	By Treatment Method			
COUNTI	Mating	Btk Aerial	Mating	Btk Aerial		
	Disruption	Btk 7 terrar	Disruption	Btk 7 teriar		
Porter	1	2	4,597	1,341		
Tippecanoe		(Btk core	756	(29 acres Btk		
	1	within MD)		core within the		
	1			756 acres of		
				MD)		
Whitley	0	1	0	34		
Allen/Whitley	1	0	20,064	0		
Proposed						
Cooperative Project	3	3	25,417	1,375		
by Treatment						
Total Cooperative			26,792			
Project		6				

## 2.1 Description of the Proposed Sites

## 3.1 Description of the Proposed Treatment Sites

**Porter County:** This county is about 267,639 acres and 5,938 acres are in the proposed treatment sites. Thus a small portion of the county is proposed for treatment. Within the treatment sites, the tree canopy is estimated to be 40-65% of the individual treatment sites and is the target for treatment.

Valpo 1: The proposed treatment site contains 1,247 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. White oak, red oak, maple, ash, crabapple, spruce and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Small ponds occur within the site. A portion of Silver Lake is within the assessed area, but is outside the treatment boundary. Houses and businesses occur within the site. One school and the Valparaiso Country Club occur within the site. Two schools occur just outside the south and northwest boundaries of the site. Two cell

towers occur within the site. This site was detected in 2013 and has had no prior treatment. Egg masses were detected in this site in 2013. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Valpo 2: The proposed treatment site contains 94 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with urban residences and woodlots. White oak, red oak, silver maple, red maple, crabapple and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. No water sources occur within the site. Houses and businesses occur within the site. One school occurs in the center of the site, but is excluded from the treatment area. No known flight hazards occur within the site. This site was detected in 2013 and has had no prior treatment. Egg masses were detected in this site in 2013. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this site.

Westville 1: The proposed treatment site contains 4,597 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with rural residences and woodlots. Cottonwood, red oak, white oak, maple, redbud, paw paw, bladdernut, elm, ash and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Sand Creek, Coffee Creek and other creeks and small ponds occur within the site. Houses and businesses occur within the site. No schools occur within the site. Interstate 80 runs west/northeast through the northeast portion of the site and is adjacent to the northwest boundary of the site. Highway 49 is adjacent to the west boundary of the site. Highway 6 is adjacent to the south boundary of the site. No known flight hazards occur within the site. This site was detected in 2013 and has had no prior treatment. No egg masses were detected in this site in 2013. Survey indicates a very low gypsy moth population, and mating disruption is proposed for this site.

**Tippecanoe County**: This county is about 322,074 acres and 756 acres are in the proposed treatment site. Thus a small portion of the county is proposed for treatment. Within the treatment site, the tree canopy is estimated to be 65% of the treatment site and is the target for treatment.

West Lafayette: The proposed treatment site contains 756 acres. Within the 756 acres is a core area of 29 acres proposed for Btk (West Lafayette\_2) and a surrounding area proposed for mating disruption (West Lafayette\_1). The site is composed of trees associated with the Purdue University campus. Oak, maple, persimmon, crabapple, hawthorn, hickory and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. No water sources occur within the site, but the Tippecanoe River is less than one mile from the site. The site is part of the Purdue University campus including Meredith and Windsor Halls, other student residential areas, sorority and fraternity housing, the student union, classroom buildings, Mackey Arena, Ross Ade Stadium, and the Birck Boilermaker Golf Complex. Tall light poles associated with the stadium occur within the site. The Purdue University Airport is 0.66 miles southeast of this site. This site was detected in 2013 and has had no prior treatment. Several egg masses were detected in the core area of this site in 2013 indicating a low gypsy moth population, and Btk is proposed for this core area (West Lafayette\_2). Survey and trapping of the area around this core indicated additional very low gypsy moth population levels, and mating disruption is proposed for the surrounding area (West Lafayette\_1).

Whitley County: This county is about 218,200 acres and 34 acres are in the proposed treatment site. Thus a small portion of the county is proposed for treatment. Within the treatment site, the tree canopy is estimated to be 92% of the treatment site and is the target for treatment.

**Lorane 1:** The proposed treatment site contains 34 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with rural residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, maple, cherry, ash, crabapple, spruce, pine and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. A drainage ditch associated with Eel River flows eastward outside the southern edge of the site. Small ponds occur within the site. Houses occur within the site. No schools occur within the site. A power line occurs approx. 1.5 miles south of the site, running southeast to northwest. This site was detected in 2013 and has had no prior treatment. No egg masses were detected in this site in 2013. Survey indicates a low gypsy moth population and the site contains a high density of host trees. Thus, Btk is proposed for this site.

**Allen/Whitley Counties:** Allen County is about 420, 594 acres and Whitley County is about 218,200 acres. 20,064 acres are in the proposed treatment site. Thus a small portion of the counties are proposed for treatment. Within the treatment site, the tree canopy is estimated to be 70% of the treatment site and is the target for treatment.

Arcola 1: The proposed treatment site contains 20,064 acres. The site is composed of trees associated with both urban and rural residences and woodlots. Oak, hickory, beech, basswood, maple, cherry, ash, cottonwood, elm, crabapple, spruce, pine and other hardwoods and shrubs are present. Houses, businesses and churches occur within the site. Schools occur within the site. An environmental study area for Southwest Allen County Schools is inside the east boundary of the site, behind Aboite Elementary School. Part of the Sycamore Hills Golf Club is within the treatment boundary in the northeast section of the site. Van Hoozen Community Park is on the east side of the site, west of Homestead High School. A YMCA facility and the Indian Trails Park are along Aboite Center Road within the site. Several creeks and ponds occur within the site including Aboite Creek, Big Indian Creek and Little Indian Creek. Several power lines and stadium light occur within the site. Several cell phone towers, radio towers and water towers occur within the site. The site was detected in 2009 and delimited in 2010. Part of the site was treated with Btk in 2010. No egg masses were detected in this site in 2013. Survey indicates a very low gypsy moth population, and mating disruption is proposed for this site.

## 3.0 Pre-treatment Operation

## 3.1 Biological Monitoring

- A. Egg masses are monitored near or in the treatment site(s) to determine the date of egg hatch. This is used to aid in determining the time of first application for Btk and to aid in determining the time of male moth emergence for the application of mating disruption.
- B. Larvae observed in the sites will have their stage of development determined. When approximately 25-50% of the larvae are second instar, the first application of Btk is

applied. The larval development will also be used to determine when pupation could occur, which will aid in determining the application time for mating disruption. For the Btk treatment sites, foliage expansion will be monitored so that an adequate target is available for the deposition of the Btk. Oak foliage will be used to guide foliage expansion. When expansion is near 50%, the first application will be applied. Other tree species in the project site will be monitored, also. Species such as sugar maple will also be used to determine the first application, especially if they are the major component of the overstory.

C. The first application of Btk will be from late April through late May depending on weather. The earliest recorded male moth catch date and the above information will be used to determine the time for application of the mating disruption, which could be from mid June through early July.

## 3.2 Calibration and Characterization

- A. Treatment equipment cleaned prior to application.
- B. For Btk, clean nozzles installed and in line screen, clean and no finer than 30 mesh.
- C. Aircraft calibrated and characterized prior to application.
- D. Tanks, hoses and pump on treatment aircraft checked for leaks before the treatment material is loaded.
- E. The swath width used during application is determined in consultation with the state entomologist and USDA Forest Service using the swath width defined from characterization.
- F. Contractor will upload the most recent and correct GIS files of the treatment sites into the aircraft navigation system and verify that the navigation system will accurately guide the treatment applications.
- G. An aircraft safety check at time of calibration and characterization and at the time of loading for each application.
- H. Testing and designation of radio frequencies for ground to air communication conducted at pretreatment meetings and at the time of loading for the application.

## 3.3 Pre-treatment Training

#### A. Contractor:

- 1. The contractor will view the treatment site from the ground and/or air prior to the application with an agent of the State Entomologist to familiarize the contractor with the boundaries, hazards and other safety concerns.
- 2. The contractor will provide a spill plan.
- 3. Review the following information provided by the contractor to the State Entomologist:
  - a) Nozzle type/number and number of nozzle per aircraft for Btk
  - b) Swath width
  - c) Gallon per minute for Btk
  - d) PSI for Btk

- e) Height about project area
- f) Air speed during application
- g) Pilot name and license # (FAA & Pesticide), years of experience
- h) Aircraft type/model/number (FAA)
- i) Treatment materials applied through treatment equipment just prior to this project for Btk

### B. Observers:

- 1. Familiarize observers with treatment site boundaries, hazards, school bus schedules, hospitals with helipads, and other safety concerns.
- 2. Instruct observers in placement and retrieval of spray deposit cards for Btk (if used).
- 3. Instruct observers in radio and all phone operation and communication procedures.
- 4. Instruct observers in the use of monitoring procedures and equipment temperature/humidity meter, wind meter and foliage expansion measure.
- 5. Instruct observers on procedures for an emergency.

## 4.0 Treatment Operations

#### 4.1 Communications

## A. Aircraft pilot to treatment site

- The contractor provides radios for DNR employees to communicate with the pilot.
   Or, the contractor installs the DNR radio frequency or radio into the aircraft. Or,
   the contractor meets communication requirements of the USDA Forest Service for
   the application of pheromone flakes or SPLAT.
- 2. Radio communication is established at each treatment site between the pilot and treatment site observer or treatment site observer/coordinator.
- 3. Radio communication is used:
  - a) to give contractor clearance to start application at the treatment site;
  - b) to communicate malfunctioning treatment equipment;
  - c) to communicate start and stop points for flight lines;
  - d) to communicate any skips or misses;
  - e) to communicate any hazards, safety concerns or other problems within the treatment site;
  - f) to communicate potential hazards from other aircraft entering the treatment site and locations of hospitals with emergency helicopter service;
  - g) to stop application for safety and weather condition reasons;
  - h) and to release pilot and aircraft to move to the next site.

## B. Between treatment sites

- 1. Radios and cellular phones will be used to notify each treatment site of the application progress, when the aircraft is moving to the next site, when the application is completed, any safety concerns and emergency situations.
- 2. Cellular phones will be used to communicate to local emergency service agencies.

### C. Central communications

1. One person will be assigned to take phone calls at a central phone number for the project and to keep in communication with ground observers.

### 4.2 Treatment Schedule and Constraints

- A. Refer to Section 3.1 Biological Monitoring for the time of application.
- B. Second application (if applicable as per project preferred alternative for the site) of Btk is made no sooner than four days after the first application.
- C. Start date will be determined by the State Entomologist and the contractor given a minimum of 48 hours notice before first application.
- D. First application of Btk will be made when 25-50% of the gypsy moth larva are 2nd instar size. This is estimated to be between late April and late May.
- E. For mating disruption, application will be made 1-2 weeks prior to historical date of first male moth catch from detection surveys. This is estimated to be between mid June and early July.
- F. Applications will be made under the supervision and authority of the State Entomologist or his agent in coordination with the USDA Forest Service and USDA APHIS.
- G. The State Entomologist or his agent must be present at the time of each application and will give the order to stop, start or alter application.
- H. Application will start after dawn, as stated by the National Weather Service, and continue until completed or when weather conditions and safety concerns are not acceptable for the safe operation of the treatment. Application would restart on the same day should weather conditions and safety concerns return to acceptable levels for a safe operation.
- I. Application will stop when wind speeds exceed 10 mph or cause the treatment to drift off the project location.
- J. Application of Btk will be suspended when school buses are in the site and when children are outside on school grounds. The State Entomologist or his agent will contact the local school district for bus schedules at the project site and inform the vendor when treatment will stop.
- K. Treatment of Btk will be done when weather reports indicate there will be no rain for a minimum of 24 hours, preferably 48 hours. However, depending on weather patterns and development of larva and foliage, a 6-hour minimum period of no rain will be used as decided by the State Entomologist or his agent to allow application.
- L. Low relative humidity below 50% and high temperature above 80 F may stop application. Treatment may continue at temperatures above 80 F if there are no thermal inversions.
- M. Treatment of mating disruption will be done when weather reports indicate there will be no threat of rain within one hour after treatment.

## 4.3 Pilot Briefing

- A. Review Section 3.3 A. Pre-treatment Training with Contractor
- B. Update pilot on any changes in treatment site boundaries, hazards, or other safety concerns.
- C. Insure navigation system and treatment file is properly linked.
- D. Check treatment file in the navigation system to insure the file is the most recent version and contains the correct treatment boundaries should there be any changes in boundaries to mitigate issues regarding the treatment sites.
- E. Review treatment application at end of application or end of day.

## 4.4 Mixing and Loading

- A. Btk will be applied undiluted, as per the label or recommendations of the manufacturer. The rate is between 24 to 38 BIU/acre.
- B. The mating disruption will be applied per the label, the recommendations of the manufacturer or the recommendation of the USDA Forest Service. The rate is 15 or 6 grams AI/acre unless amended by manufacturer or USDA Forest Service.
- C. The treatment material will be mixed according to the label directions.
- D. Mixing and loading shall occur under the supervision of the State Entomologist or his agent. The State Entomologist and the contractor will mutually agree upon the site(s) for loading and mixing. The site(s) shall be located in proximity to the treatment site(s).
- E. Excess treatment material from each application shall be disposed of according to the label and all state and federal safety guidelines by the vendor.
- F. The contractor provides equipment for mixing, loading.
- G. Contractor is responsible to clean up treatment material and fuel spills.
- H. Contractor provides a safety plan for spills.
- I. Contractor maintains all required records as specified in the project contract.
- J. Contractor provides safety clothes and equipment for the contractor's employees.
- K. Contractor provides the following in written form for each application:
  - 1. Nozzle type/number and number of nozzle per aircraft.
  - 2. Swath width.
  - 3. Gallon per minute.
  - 4. PSI.
  - 5. Height about project area.
  - 6. Air speed during application.
  - 7. Pilot name and license # (FAA & Pesticide), years of experience.
  - 8. Aircraft type/model/number (FAA).
  - 9. Treatment materials applied through sprayer just prior to this project.
- L. The load site observer will record information about mixing and loading
  - 1. amount of treatment material loaded,
  - 2. amount of treatment material remaining,
  - 3. amount and type of sticker loaded.

- M. The load site observer will inspect the treatment equipment for:
  - 1. treatment equipment clean,
  - 2. new and clean nozzles installed,
  - 3. in line screen, clean and no finer that 30 mesh,
  - 4. tanks, hoses and pump on treatment aircraft checked for leaks,
  - 5. treatment equipment operating properly.
- N. The load site observer tests radio communication between the ground and air.

## 4.5 Application Monitoring

- A. Treatment site observer will record and monitor the following during application:
  - 1. temperature
  - 2. relative humidity
  - 3. wind speed.
- B. Treatment site observer will set and recover spray deposit cards, if utilized for a treatment site.
- C. Treatment site observer will observe treatment emitting from aircraft. The pilot will be notified and treatment will be halted if the pattern and coverage are seriously altered.
- D. Treatment site observer will observe flight path, start/stop points for application, note any problems or deviations and advise pilot, treatment site coordinator and load site observer of the problems or deviations.
- E. Treatment site coordinator will approve start of application to the site and release of the pilot to go to the next site.
- F. Treatment site observers will visually verify that the proper boundaries are used (See Section 3.3 B. Pre-treatment Training for Observers).
- G. Load site observer will receive digital files that record treatment application from the applicator (see Section 1.8 Load site observer) at the end of each treatment day or when a treatment is completed. Load site observer will view digital files for accuracy of application & advise applicator of any errors or problems.
- H. After applications are conducted the State Entomologist or Central Communications Officer will report acreages completed and other required information to the National Pest Suppression Tracking System.

#### 5.0 Public Notification

- 5.1 Residences in the treatment sites will be notified of the decision to proceed with the project approximately two weeks before the planned treatment by direct mail. The residences and the public will also be notified approximately two weeks before the planned treatment by using news releases via local newspapers and radio/TV stations.
- 5.2 The media will be notified at least two days before the planned date of treatment and asked to provide information on the treatment and the treatment date to the residences in the treatment sites and the public. Public media will be utilized to the best means possible to notify the public of changes in the planned treatment date when adverse weather

conditions arise and the planned treatment date has to be changed.

- 5.3 Local emergency agencies (including hospitals with helipad transport services) and other private helipads and airports will be notified of the planned treatment date and time, and given information of contact persons to direct questions.
- 5.4 Offices of county/municipal officials (extension agents, mayor, etc.) will be notified of the planned treatment date and time prior to treatment. Contact persons and other information will be provided as needed
- 5.5 Notification will contain information pertinent to the specific treatment, treatment schedule, and precautions to be taken.

## 6.0 Security

#### 6.1 Treatment Product

- A. The State will require a certificate of analysis from the manufacturer prior to application.
- B. The manufacturer will provide a chain of custody document to the contractor upon delivery of the product.
- C. The manufacturer provides factory seals at the point of origin.
- D. The contractor will retain the chain of custody document and provide it to the State agent prior to application.
- E. The contractor must notify the State agent when the product has arrived and is in his/her custody.
- F. Upon delivery the contractor must provide a storage facility for the product that is locked and secured.
- G. A State agent will inspect the product within 24 hours of notification that the contractor has received the product.
- H. Upon notification that the contractor has received the product, the State agent shall notify responsible security officials (police, sheriff and/or conservation officers) where the product is located and request the location be monitored periodically until the treatment project has been officially completed.

## 6.2 Aircraft Security

- A. The aircraft will be secured in a hanger or disabled when not in use.
- B. The spray equipment hoppers, tanks, pumps, hoses and mixing equipment will be secured in a hanger or sealed at the end of each workday.
- C. The airport facility will be monitored periodically until the treatment project has been officially completed.

## 6.3 Pilot

A. The pilot must have FAA approval for restricted areas.

### 6.4 Airport Security

- A. Access to the airport loading and storage areas will be restricted.
- B. Identification will be required for access to airport loading and storage areas, and other operation sites.

## 7.0 Safety

- 7.1 Handling of Treatment Material
  - A. Contractor will provide protective clothing for his employees.
  - B. Contractor will provide safety equipment at the load site for spills of treatment material.
  - C. Contractor provides a safety plan for spills.
  - D. Contractor is responsible to clean up treatment material spills.

## 7.2 Accidental Spill

The contractor will provide a spill plan for the loading/mixing of the treatment material and for fueling the aircraft. This plan will be followed in case of an accidental spill. In the event a spill does occur or pilot has to dump the treatment material, the following will be notified:

- Safety Officer of the DNR: (Richard Edwards) 317-232-4145
- State Chemist Office: 765-494-1492
- State Police: 911 or site specific emergency numbers
- IN Dept. of Environmental Management Spill Line: 888-233-7745
- Local authorities: police, fire department, hospitals (site specific emergency numbers)
- CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center): 800-424-9300
- National Response Center (if spill occurs on a highway): 800-424-8802
- USDA, Forest Service, Northeastern Area:

(Marc Roberts) 651-470-3153/651-649-5268 or (Mike Connor) 651-247-8076/651-649-5180 or if unavailable call (Dan Zimmerman) 610-742-7860

## (SEE: PESTICIDE SPILL CALLING SHEET, PAGE 16)

## 7.3 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Incident Reporting Requirements

Adverse Incidents to be Reported to the Indiana Dept. of Environmental Management (IDEM)

All persons covered by the Indiana General Permit for Pesticide Applications (Permit ING870000) must monitor for, identify, and report adverse incidents. If a person covered by this general permit observes or are otherwise made aware of an adverse incident that may have resulted from a discharge from the pesticide application, the person must notify IDEM by telephone at (888) 233-7745.

- A. Immediately for incidents which pose a significant danger to human health or the environment,
- B. As soon as possible but within two (2) hours of discovery for any adverse incidents resulting in death or acute injury or illness to animals or humans (see 327 IAC 2-6.1), and
- C. Within 24 hours of the person becoming aware of the adverse incident for any other adverse incidents not listed above.

Such adverse incident reports to IDEM must include the following information:

- The caller's name and telephone number;
- Operator name and mailing address;
- If covered under a notice of intent, the NPDES tracking number;
- The name and telephone number of a contact person, if different than the person providing the 24-hour notice;
- How and when the person became aware of the adverse incident;
- Description of the location of the adverse incident;
- Description of the adverse incident identified and the EPA pesticide registration number for each product the person applied in the area of the adverse incident; and
- Description of any steps the person has taken or will take to correct, repair, remedy, clean up, or otherwise address any adverse effects.

## Written Reports of Adverse Incidents to IDEM

Within 5 days of reporting an adverse incident, the person covered by the pesticide general permit must provide a written report of the adverse incident to the department which includes the following information:

- A. Information required to be provided above;
- B. Date and time the person notified IDEM of the adverse incident, who the person spoke with, and any instructions the person received from IDEM;
- C. Location of incident, including the names of any waters affected and appearance of those waters (sheen, color, clarity, etc);
- D. A description of the circumstances of the adverse incident including species affected, estimated number of individual and approximate size of dead or distressed organisms;
- E. Magnitude and scope of the affected area (e.g. aquatic square area or total stream distance affected
- F. Pesticide application rate, intended use site (e.g., banks, above, or direct to water), method of application, and name of pesticide product, description of pesticide ingredients, and EPA registration number;
- G. Description of the habitat and the circumstances under which the adverse incident occurred (including any available ambient water data for pesticides applied:
- H. If laboratory tests were performed, indicate what test(s) were performed, and when, and provide a summary of the test results within 5 days after they become available;

- I. If applicable, explain why the person believes the adverse incident could not have been caused by exposure to the pesticide;
- J. Actions to be taken to prevent recurrence of adverse incidents; and
- K. Signed and dated in accordance with 327 IAC 5-2-22.

The person must report adverse incidents even for those instances when the pesticide labeling states that adverse effects may occur.

## Adverse Incident Reporting For Federally listed Threatened or Endangered Species

If a person becomes aware of an adverse incident to a federally listed threatened or endangered species or its federally designated critical habitat, that may have resulted from a discharge from the pesticide application, the person must immediately notify the National Marine Fisheries Service Northeast Regional Office (NMFS) at **978-281-9300** in the case of an anadromous or marine species, or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) Indianapolis Law Enforcement Office at **317-346-7014** in the case of a terrestrial or freshwater species. This notification must be made by telephone immediately upon becoming aware of the adverse incident and must include the following information:

- A. The caller's name and telephone number;
- B. Operator name and mailing address;
- C. The name of the affected species;
- D. How and when the person became aware of the adverse incident;
- E. Description of the location of the adverse incident;
- F. Description of the adverse incident, including the EPA pesticide registration number for each product the person applied in the area of the adverse incident; and
- G. Description of any steps the person has taken or will take to alleviate the adverse impact to the species.

## Adverse Incident Reporting for State-Listed Rare, Threatened or Endangered Species

If a person becomes aware of an adverse incident to a state-listed rare, threatened or endangered species or its critical habitat that may have resulted from a discharge from the pesticide application, the person must immediately notify the Indiana Department of Natural Resources at **317-232-4200**. This notification must be made by telephone immediately upon becoming aware of the adverse incident and must include the information required in the previous section.

## 7.4 Safety Training

Safety training will be incorporated into the pre treatment training for treatment site and load site observers and other personnel. The Work and Safety Plan will be reviewed at the time of application. Individuals will review emergency procedures, phone numbers, the communication procedure, the location of emergency equipment, and the monitoring procedure.

### 7.5 Aviation Accident

In the event of an accident, the treatment site observer or other project personnel will notify the State Police, 911 services if available in project area, county/municipal police, fire department, hospital and EMS for emergency situations. Also notified will be those listed under accidental spill. Project personnel will assist in the emergency situation as needed. DO NOT DELAY NOTIFICATION TO EMERGENCY SERVICES.

(SEE: OVERDUE AIRCRAFT, CRASHED AIRCRAFT OFF AIRPORT, CRASHED AIRCRAFT AT AIRPORT CALL LISTS AND AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT CHECKLIST AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONS, PAGES 19-24)

#### 7.6 Personal/Vehicular Incident

In the event of a personal or vehicular incident, the treatment site observer or other project personnel will notify the State Police, 911 services if available in the project area, county/municipal police, fire department, hospital and EMS for emergency situations. Project personnel will assist in the emergency situation as needed. A report of the incident should be made using Indiana State Form 40141, "Report of Personal/Vehicular Incident". DO NOT DELAY NOTIFICATION TO EMERGENCY SERVICES.

(SEE: REPORT OF PERSONAL/VEHICULAR INCIDENT, PAGES 17-18)

## 7.7 Project Aviation Safety Plan

This Indiana Work & Safety Plan is used in conjuction with the USDA, Forest Service Aviation Management Plan 2014 for the Mating Disruption Treatment Project.

All pesticide incidents and accident situations will be reported per instructions of the Forest Service Handbook (FSH) 2109.14, Chapter 70. Specific instructions for filing Report FS-2100-D, Pesticide Accident and Incident Report, are in section 71.3 of the FSH handbook.

## PESTICIDE SPILL CALLING SHEET

In the event of a pesticide spill notify the following personnel:

Indiana DNR Safety Officer 1. **Richard Edwards** 317-232-4145 2. Call State Chemist Office 765-494-1492 Call State Police **See Site Specific Emergency Numbers** 3. 4. Call Department of Environmental Management Spill Line 888-233-7745 5. Notify Local Authorities (Police, Fire, Hospital) if needed **See Site Specific Emergency Numbers** 6. Notify CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation **Emergency Center**) 800-424-9300 7. Notify National Response Center (If spill occurs on highway) 800-424-8802 Notify U S Forest Service 8. **Marc Roberts** (651) 470-3153 / (651) 649-5268 Or **Mike Connor** (651) 247-8076 / (651) 649-5180

# REPORT OF PERSONAL / VEHICULAR INCIDENT State Form 40141 (R2 / 5-90)

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

<ul> <li>1 copy to the DNR</li> </ul>	the completed form (State Form 4 rector of Safety, afety will forward a copy to the Int division representative involved and by the originator.	restigation Division, in the accident  This report is predisseminated to of the office of the	Attorney General.)  NOTIC  pared by and for State us anyone without specific ar	se. It shall not be published or uthorization from a representative iana or a representative of the
	TIME PLACE	AND ENVIRONMEN	IT	
Ctata Nat - Ctata	Date of Incident (Month, Day, Year)	THE ENVIRONMENT	Incident Resulted In:	
State Not a State Employee Employee			Personal Injury	Vehicle Damage
Local Time	Day of Week Exact	Location of Accident		Tort Claim Procedure Issued
WEATHER CONDITIONS:	LIGHT CONDITIONS:		TYPE OF INCIDENT:	Yes No
Clear Fog, Smoke	Daylight	Dark	Personal Injury	Property Damage
☐ Cloudy ☐ Other (Describe) ☐ Rain	☐ Dawn / Dusk ☐ Dark	(No Street Lights)	Fatality PHOTO INCLUDED:	Vehicle Damage
Snow	(Street Lights On)		☐Yes ☐No	
Sleet / Hail Freezing Rain	☐ Dark (Street Lights Off)		PROPERTY MAP INCLU	JDED:
		D PERSON	Yes No	
Name of Injured Person			Telephone Number	
Address			Date of Birth (Month, Da	v, Year)
City, State and ZIP code			Social Security Number	•
	BODILY IN	JURY STATUS		
Below is a numbered list indicating Ar			the figure, show the type	of injury that occurred:
using the letter coding indicated under				
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10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	28	Burn Burn Burn Wou	Corrosive G GASI Heat H Flash I  nd J PAIN ion K MISC	ES
0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	28   28   28   27   28   28   28   28	Burn Burn Wou Irrital	Corrosive G GASI Heat H Flash I  nd J PAIN ion K MISC	ES
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0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	28   28   28   27   28   28   28   28	Burn Burn Wou Irrital	Corrosive G GASi Heat H Filsah I Ind J PAIN MISC  Refused Medical Tre Ambulance: Name o	ES
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10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	28   28   28   27   28   28   28   28	Burn Burn Wou Irrital	Corrosive G GASS Heat H Filsah I Ind J PAINI MISC  Refused Medical Tre Ambulance: Name o	ES

					LAW ENF	ORCEMENT		Ta				
Name of In	vestigati	ing Officer							I.D. Num			
Departmen	t							_	orcement			_
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Indiana Ope		Accident Re	eport		OTHER	REPORTS Investigative		Report				
Yes	□No				PICH	☐Yes ATURE	□No					
			Authorized person	nel shall		d process thi	s report	without u	ındue dei			
Report Pre	ared By	<b>r</b> :				Title				Date (M	fonth, Da	y, Year)
			STATE 1					ОТ	HER VE	HICLE 2		
Print Driver		VEHICLE 1				Print Driver's		HICLE 2		DRIVER 2		
Address (S							Address (Street, City, State, ZIP code)					
Sex			nth, Day, Year)	License		Sex Date of Birth (Month, Day, Year) License Type						
License Sta	te	Driver's Li	cense Number	Restric	tions	License Stat	ie C	river's Lic	cense Nu	mber	Restrict	lions
Color		Veh.Yr.	Make	Model	Name	Color	٧	eh.Yr.	Make		Model N	Name
Veh.Type (E	nter No.)	Lic.Yr.	License Plate No./Co	omm. No.	Lic.State	Veh.Type (Ein	ter No.) L	ic.Yr.	License	Plate No./Co	mm. No.	Lic.State
Posted Spe	ed Limit		Direction of Travel	No. o	of Occupants	Posted Spec	ed Limit		Direction	of Travel	No. o	f Occupants
Fire?	□No		Number of Axles	Town	od? Yes ∐No	Fire?	¬No		Number	of Axles	Towe	id? ∕es ∐No
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How did the	accider	nt happen, a	and in your opinion, wh	nat cause	d the accident	(Describe fu	ılly, using	a	•	Show distance marks: identify number.	and direct landmark	sion to land a by name or
seperate st									z	Show Palls ou	narole.	
ı												. <b></b>

## OVERDUE AIRCRAFT CALL LIST

The Forest Service considers an aircraft overdue if the aircraft is 30 minutes overdue at its destination and cannot be located. At this point the following procedure should be initiated.

1. Obtain available information outlined in the Aircraft Accident Checklist.

2. Call Program Manager <a href="Phil Marshall">Phil Marshall</a>
<a href="(W) 317-232-4120">(W) 317-232-4120</a>
<a href="(C) 812-595-2740">(C) 812-595-2740</a>

Who will:

a. Call the Air Force Rescue Coordination
Center (AFRCC) at Tyndall AFB, FL (800) 851-3051

b. Notify USFS Aviation Officer <u>Marc Roberts</u> (651) 470-3153 / (651) 649-5268

Or <u>Mike Connor</u> (651) 247-8076 / (651) 649-5180

- Who Notifies Northeastern Area
Aviation Officer

Dan Zimmerman
(610) 557-4147 / (610) 742-7860

c. Notify local law enforcement **Specific Site Emergency Numbers** 

## CRASHED AIRCRAFT OFF AIRPORT CALL LIST

- 1. Rescue survivors Render first aid.
- 2. Coordinate local crash/rescue, if available.
- 3. Complete actions in Aircraft Accident Instructions.
- 4. Fill out Aircraft Accident Checklist.
- 5. Call Program Manager

Phil Marshall (W) 317-232-4120 (C) 812-595-2740

Who will:

a. Notify USFS Aviation Officer <u>Marc Roberts</u>

(651) 470-3153 / (651) 649-5268

Or Mike Connor

(651) 247-8076 / (651) 649-5180

- Who notifies Northeastern Area **<u>Dan Zimmerman</u>** 

Aviation Officer (USFS) (610) 557-4147 / (610) 742-7860

b. Notify local law enforcement <u>Specific Site Emergency Numbers</u>

# CRASHED AIRCRAFT AT AIRPORT CALL LIST

<u>911</u>

Call local crash/rescue, if available.

1.

2.	Rescue survivors - render first aid.	
3.	Evacuate injured.	
	a. Notify hospital, doctor	<u>911</u>
	b. Notify local law enforcement	<u>911</u>
4.	Complete actions in Aircraft Accident Instruction	ons.
5.	Fill out Aircraft Accident Checklist.	
6.	Call Program Manager	Phil Marshall (W) 317-232-4120 (C) 812-595-2740
	Who will:	
a.	Notify USFS Aviation Officer	<u>Marc Roberts</u> (651) 470-3153 / (651) 649-5268
	Or	<u>Mike Connor</u> (651) 247-8076 / (651) 649-5180
	- Who notifies Northeastern Area Aviation Officer (USFS)	<u>Dan Zimmerman</u> (610) 557-4147 / (610) 742-7860
h	Notify local law enforcement	Specific Site Emergency Numbers

## AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT CHECKLIST

(<u>Do not delay</u> emergency reporting calls by trying to fill in all the blanks)

1. Point of Contact I	<b>nformation</b> (the	e person who will provide information and direct actions)
a. Name		c. Duty Position:
b. Phone Numbers		d. Address:
Work:	Cell:	u. Address.
Fax:	Home:	e. E-mail:
2. Accident Information	tion	
a. Aircraft Registration/Tai	l Number	Type of Aircraft Color
b. Date and Time of Accide	ent	
c. Location of Aircraft (Gri	d, Lat/Log, Referen	nce to Known Point)
d. Hazardous Materials Inv	olved? (Explosives	s, Radioactive Materials, etc.)
e. Witnesses identified and	statements request	ed?
f. Accident Site Secured?		Photos Taken?
g. Flight Data Recorder Sec	cured? (if applicabl	le) ELT Deactivated?
h. Total Number of Person	nel Involved	
Number of Fatalities		Number of Injuries
3. Accident Descript	ion (type of mission	on, what happened, weather, extent of damage, etc. )
4. Admin Information	n	
a. Aircraft Owner		b. Operator
c. Pilot in Command		
d. Point of Last Departure		e. Destination
f. Route of Flight		g. Fuel on Board
h. Nearest Commercial Air	port	i. Suitable Helicopter Landing Site
j. Other		

## AIRCRAFT RESCUE INSTRUCTIONS

At an aircraft crash site, the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), has officially stated and declared that all crash sites are considered contaminated and injuries inflicted from debris could be fatal, based on HIV and Hepatitis B research reports. It is very critical that these sites be handled with the utmost care from the time of the accident until properly clothed investigators arrive at the site. Make every effort to disturb the crash site as little as possible. The less disturbed the crash site remains, the easier it will be to investigate the cause.

#### Rescue

- 1. Do not become a victim by placing yourself in jeopardy. Use good judgment and assist survivors and render first aid **to the best of your abilities** until relieved by medical personnel.
- 2. If there is any danger of post crash fire, move survivors to a safe place.
- 3. Keep bystanders and unauthorized personnel away from crash site.
- 4. Establish "no smoking" rule. Fire and explosion are real dangers with residual fuels and hot metal.

## Search the wreckage carefully for other survivors

Exercise good judgment and use appropriate personal protective equipment.

Hazards at an aircraft accident site can include:

- 1. **Biological Hazards:** HIV, Hepatitis B and others.
- 2. **Toxic Substances:** Fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, and aircraft materials such as beryllium, lithium, chromium, and mercury.
- 3. **Pressure Vessels:** Hydraulic accumulators, struts, oxygen cylinders, and fire extinguishers.
- 4. **Mechanical Hazards:** Metal under tension (rotor blades bent under fuselage), heavy objects, composite materials, and sharp edges.
- 5. **Fire Hazards:** Unburned fuel, hot metal (or other materials), aircraft batteries, pyrotechnics, and the ignition of grass as a result of the accident.
- 6. **Environmental Hazards:** Weather, terrain, animals.

## **Notify the Program Manager**

## Preserve the accident site

The area to be quarantined shall not be less than 300 feet in diameter (length of football field) and encompasses the entire wreckage. Every piece of the aircraft and its location is important to the investigators. Nothing should be disturbed. If something must be disturbed in order to remove survivors or for fire suppression activities, document and/or photograph the location of any debris. Use local law enforcement to secure site. Treat the area as if it were a crime scene and provide 24 hour security until investigation team arrives.

## **Identify witnesses (critical element)**

- 1. Obtain witness statements, if possible.
- 2. Collect names, addresses, and phone numbers

All US Department of Interior (DOI) and US Department of Agriculture Forest Service (USDA FS) aircraft mishaps are investigated under the authority of the NTSB as defined in:

- 1. 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) parts 830 and 831
- 2. Public Law (PL) 103-411

This means that regardless of severity, all aircraft mishaps (accidents or incidents) are the domain of the NTSB. If NTSB elect not to visit the site and physical investigation is conducted by DOI or USDA FS personnel, it is still a NTSB investigation and investigative efforts must comply with their rules and regulations.

PAGE 1

Foray® 76B MSDS# BIO-0012 Rev. 3

ISSUED 03/11/11

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MATERIAL NAME: Foray® 76B

EPA Reg.No.: 73049-49 Code Number: 35530 List Number: 60176 PCP Number: 24976

SYNONYMS: Biobit® XLP; VBC-6431

MANUFACTURER: Valent BioSciences Corporation

870 Technology Way, Suite 100 Libertyville, Illinois 60048

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS Emergency Health or Spill:

> Outside the United States: 651-632-6184 Within the United States: 877-315-9819

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME: Bacillus thuringiensis, var. kurstaki

CONCENTRATION: 18.44% CAS NUMBER: 68038-71-1

OSHA-PEL 8HR TWA: N/L STEL: N/L

CEILING: N/L

ACGIH-TLV 8HR TWA: N/L

STEL: N/L

CEILING: N/L

OTHER 8HR TWA: N/A STEL: N/A LIMITS

CEILING: N/A

INGREDIENT NAME: Inert/Other ingredients - Proprietary Information

CONCENTRATION: 81.56% CAS NUMBER: N/A

OSHA-PEL 8HR TWA: N/L

STEL: N/L

CEILING: N/L

ACGIH-TLV 8HR TWA: N/L

STEL: N/L

CEILING: N/L

OTHER 8HR TWA: N/A LIMITS

STEL: N/A CEILING: N/A \_\_\_\_\_

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ISSUED 03/11/11

## 3. HAZARDS INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Product is non-toxic by ingestion, skin contact, or inhalation. May be irritating to skin and eyes.

ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

Skin: No Inhalation: No Ingestion: No

1119

SKIN CONTACT:

Mild irritant

SKIN SENSITIZATION: Possible mild sensitizer (unconfirmed)

EYE CONTACT:

Mild irritant

TARGET ORGANS:

N/D

CARCINOGENICITY RATING: NTP: N/L IARC: N/L OSHA: N/L ACGIH: N/L

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS: Direct contact with eyes or skin may cause mild irritation.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: N/D

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

\_\_\_\_\_

- EYES: Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
- SKIN: Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
- INGESTION: Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.
- INHALATION: Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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PAGE 3

#### Foray® 76B MSDS# BIO-0012 Rev. 3

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5. FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

\_\_\_\_\_

FLASH POINT: N/A (Aqueous suspension)

FLASH POINT METHOD: N/A
LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT(%): N/A
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT(%): N/A
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: N/A

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Non-flammable and no explosive properties.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use appropriate media for underlying cause of fire.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

\_\_\_\_\_

SPILL OR RELEASE PROCEDURES: Recover product and place in an appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate and wash the spill area.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

\_\_\_\_\_

HANDLING: The usual precautions for handling chemicals should be observed.

STORAGE: Store in a closed container in a cool, dry place.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep impervious gloves on until all potentially contaminated personal protective equipment is removed.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use local exhaust

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not usually required. If necessary, use a dust/mist respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least N-95, R-95 or P-95.

SKIN PROTECTION: Impervious gloves, clothing to minimize skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Not usually required. If necessary, use safety glasses or goggles.

OTHER PROTECTION: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PAGE 4

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE/PHYSICAL STATE: Light brown aqueous suspension

ODOR: Pungent, musty odor

BOILING POINT: N/D

MELTING/FREEZING POINT: N/D

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): N/D

VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1): N/D

EVAPORATION RATE: N/D

BULK DENSITY: 1.12-1.2 g/cm3

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: N/D

SOLUBILITY: Readily mixable with water

pH: 4.1-4.8 as a 10% solution in water

VISCOSITY: N/D

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Not chemically reactive.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: Alkalinity inactivates product.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: N/D.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

ORAL LD50: N/D. > 5,000 mg/kg (rat) for a similar formulation. EPA

Toxicity Category IV

DERMAL LD50: N/D. > 2,500 mg/kg (rabbit) for a similar formulation. EPA

Toxicity Category III

INHALATION LC50: N/D. In a nose-only inhalation study with rats with a similar formulation, no lethality was observed at the highest attainable

aerosol concentration of 6.81 mg/liter for 4 hours.

CORROSIVENESS: N/D. Not expected to have any corrosive properties.

DERMAL IRRITATION: Transient, slight or mild irritation noted in a dermal irritation study with a similar formulation. EPA Toxicity Category IV.

OCULAR IRRITATION: Transient, mild irritation was observed in test animals in a study a similar formulation. EPA Toxicity Category III.

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

\_\_\_\_\_

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Foray® 76B MSDS# BIO-0012 Rev. 3

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION, continued

\_\_\_\_\_

DERMAL SENSITIZATION: N/D. The possibility of mild senstization exists with this formulation, however, this has not been confirmed by actual experience.

SPECIAL TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS: N/D

CARCINOGENICITY INFORMATION: N/D. None of the components are classified as carcinogens.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_\_

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Studies on non-targets have been performed without identifying any organisms at risk. The following species have been included in the testing: mammals (rats, rabbits); freshwater aquatic organisms (Daphnia magna, Rainbow Trout); birds (Mallard, Bobwhite); and non-target insects (Green Lacewing larvae, Ladybird Beetles, Honey Bee).

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: Dispose of product in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_

DOT STATUS: Not Regulated

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: N/A

HAZARD CLASS: N/A

UN NUMBER: N/A

PACKING GROUP: N/A

REPORTABLE QUANTITY: N/A

IATA/ICAO STATUS: Not Regulated

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: N/A

HAZARD CLASS: N/A

UN NUMBER: N/A

PACKING GROUP: N/A

REPORTABLE QUANTITY: N/A

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14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION, continued

\_\_\_\_\_

IMO STATUS: Not Regulated

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: N/A

HAZARD CLASS: N/A

UN NUMBER: N/A

PACKING GROUP: N/A REPORTABLE QUANTITY: N/A

FLASH POINT: N/A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

\_\_\_\_\_

TSCA STATUS: Exempt RCRA STATUS: N/D

CERCLA STATUS: N/D PROP 65 (CA): N/D

SARA STATUS: N/D

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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REASON FOR ISSUE: re-issue APPROVAL DATE: 03/11/11 SUPERSEDES DATE: 09/12/07

LEGEND: N/A = Not Applicable

N/D = Not Determined

N/L = Not Listed

L = Listed

C = Ceiling

S = Short-term

 $^{\mathbb{R}}$  = Registered Trademark of Valent BioSciences  $^{\mathbb{TM}}$  = Registered Trademark of Valent BioSciences

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VALENT BIOSCIENCES.

870 Technology Way, Suite 100 Libertyville, IL 60048 - 800-323-9597

March 2011 © Valent BioSciences Corporation



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION I - INDENTIFICATION AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: HERCON<sup>®</sup> MICRO-TAC™

Target Insect: Sticker agent for Hercon Mating Disruptant products

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Adhesive; Vinyl Acrylic Emulsion
MSDS Number: FI 100777 Date: Dec 03, 2013

COMPANY: ABERDEEN ROAD COMPANY d/b/a HERCON ENVIRONMENTAL

P.O. Box 435 Aberdeen Road Emigsville, PA 17318

For more information call 717-764-1192 or the National Pesticide Information Center,

(www.npic.orst.edu), 800-858-7378 or call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222

#### SECTION II. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Physical State: *Liquid* Color: *White* Odor: *Faint odor* Signal Word: *Caution!* 

HAZARD STATEMENTS: May cause respiratory tract and eye irritation. Possible cancer hazard – contains material which MAY cause cancer

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Eve contact. Inhalation

POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:

Inhalation: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory

irritation. Slightly irritating to the respiratory system. Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin: : No known significant effects or critical hazards. POTENTIAL CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:

Chronic effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity: Contains material which may cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### SECTION III. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMMON NAME: Vinyl Acetate C.A.S. NUMBER: 108-05-4 % IN FORMULATION: 0.1-0.5%

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section

#### **SECTION IV. FIRST AID MEASURES**

EYE CONTACT: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

- SKIN CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get Medical attention immediately.
- INHALATION: Move exposed person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, call 911 or an ambulance, and then provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- INGESTION: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- PROTECTION OF FIRST AIDERS: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time (NPIC Web site: www.npic.orst.edu). After 4:30 pm call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

#### SECTION V. FIRE - FIGHTING MEASURES

- FLAMMABILITY OF PRODUCT: In a fire or if heated a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Suitable: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

  Not Suitable: None Known
- SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any person risk or without suitable training.
- SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: If involved in fire, fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Do not inhale fumes.

#### SECTION VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

  Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

  Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. (Section VIII)
- ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air)
- SMALL SPILLS: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dispose of via licensed waste disposal contractor or consultant. Absorb with an inert material
- LARGE SPILLS: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section XIII). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. NOTE: see section I for emergency contact information and Section XIII for waste disposal.

- SKIN CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get Medical attention immediately.
- INHALATION: Move exposed person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, call 911 or an ambulance, and then provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- INGESTION: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- PROTECTION OF FIRST AIDERS: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time (NPIC Web site: www.npic.orst.edu). After 4:30 pm call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

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#### SECTION VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- HANDLING: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (Section 8). Eating drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous do not reuse container.
- STORAGE: Store between the following temperatures: 10 to 32.22°C (50-90°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a cool, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section X) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### SECTION VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

COMPONENT Vinyl acetate EXPOSURE LIMITS

ACGIH TLV (USA, 2/2010)

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours

TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 hours

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes

STEL 53 mg/m³ 15 minutes

OSHA PEL 1989 (USA, 3/1989).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours

TWA: 30 mg/m³ 8 hours

STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes

STEL: 60 mg/m³ 15 minutes

NIOSH REL (USA, 6/2009).

CEIL: 4 ppm 15 minutes

CEIL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION:

RESPIRATORY: Use a properly fitted, air purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based

on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

- HANDS: Chemical resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- EYES: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- SKIN: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling product.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### SECTION IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

FLASH POINT: Closed cup: > 93.33°C

COLOR: White

ODOR DESCRIPTION: Faint odor

pH: 5.8 to 6.8

BOILING/CONDENSATION POINT: 98.89°C

BULK DENSITY: N/A RELATIVE DENSITY: 1.02 VOLATILITY: 43% (W/W)

EVAPORATION POINT: < 1 (butyl acetate =1)
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)

DISPERSIBILITY PROPERTIES: Dispersible in the following materials: cold water.

#### SECTION X: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

PRODUCT STABILITY: UNSTABLE_		STABLE	X
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	May Occur_	May Not	Occur_X

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not store near easily ignited chemicals and materials or open flames. MATERIAL TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: On combustion, the polymeric dispensers may produce CO, CO2, HCL and CL2.

#### SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

United States and Canada

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

Vinyl acetate LC50 Inhalation Vapor (Rat) 11,400 mg/m3 4 hours exposure

LD50 Dermal (Rabbit) 2335 mg/kg

LD50 Oral (Rat) 2900 mg/kg

CHRONIC TOXICITY: No known significant effects or critical hazards

IRRITATION/CORROSION

Product Skin-Primary dermal irritation (Rabbit) Index PDII 0.5 score, 24 hr.

dose units 1.0 ml/rabbit, results read in 72 hours

CONCLUSION/SUMMARY

EYES: Moderately irritating to eyes

RESPIRATORY: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause

respiratory irritation.

SENSITIZER: No know significant effects or critical hazards.

CARCINOGENICITY:

CLASSIFICATION

INGREDIENT ACGIH IARC EPA NIOSH NTP OSHA

Vinyl acetate A3 2B - - - -

MUTAGENICITY: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
TERATOGENICITY: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### SECTION XII: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

United States and Canada ECOTOXICITY: AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY Vinyl acetate

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute LC50 10,000 to100,000ug/l Marine water ,species;

Crustaceans- Crangon crangon- Larvae 48 hours exposure Acute LC50 14,000 ug/L Fresh water, species; Fish Pimephales- 1 day

96 hour exposure

PERSISTANCE/DEGRADABILITY: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### SECTION XIII: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section VIII: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section VIII: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

#### SECTION XIV: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Ground Transport (DOT) Classification: Not Regulated

#### SECTION XV: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**United States** 

Hazard Communication Standard (HCS )Classification: Irritating material; Carcinogen US Federal Regulations: TSCA 4 (a) final test rules: sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate

TSCA 4 (a) final test rules: sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate TSCA 8(a) PAIR: mequinol; Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated

TSCA 8(a)IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined US TSCA 8b: all components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: None SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: None

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: None
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution – chemical inventory – hazard

identification: None

SARA Title III Part 313: Not reportable 313 Reportable Ingredients: None

Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical Substances: None

Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants: None

Volatile Organic Compounds: None

With respect to FFDCA 409, this product is considered an indirect food additive and is compliant with 21 CFR 175.105 for adhesives as an indirect food additives

FDA Compliance: 21 CFR 175.105, 16 CFR 1500.3(C)(4), 16 CFR 1500.3(C)(2)(i)

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#### SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS	NUMBER	DATE ISSUED:)
BY:	Priscilla MacLean	DATE REVISED:
TITLE:	Product Development Manager	Replaces
	WARRANTY A	AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Hercon Environmental warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions of use to the extent allowed by state law. Hercon neither makes, not authorizes any agent or representative to make any other warranty of fitness or of merchantability, guarantee or representation, expressed or implied concerning this material except as stated above. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to the label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Hercon Environmental. If this product is defective, Buyer's exclusive remedy shall be the replacement of the product, or if replacement is impracticable as determined by Hercon, refund of the purchase price. To the extent allowable by law, Hercon's maximum liability for breach of this warranty shall not exceed the purchase price of this product. In no case will Hercon be liable for incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from handling, storage, use, misuse or abuse of this product.

To the best of the supplier's knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However neither the above-named supplier, nor any if its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are only hazards that exist.



### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION I - INDENTIFICATION AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: HERCON® DISRUPT® II Gypsy Moth Mating Disruptant

Target Insect: Gypsy Moth, Lymantria dispar

Pheromone Dispenser for Use as a Mating Disruptant,

MSDS Number: 100306kg Date: March 19, 2013

COMPANY: ABERDEEN ROAD COMPANY d/b/a HERCON ENVIRONMENTAL

P.O. Box 435 Aberdeen Road Emigsville, PA 17318

For an emergency or more information call 717-764-1192 or the National Pesticide Information, 800-858-7378

#### SECTION II. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

HEALTH = 1, FLAMMABILITY = 0, REACTIVITY = 0

#### SECTION III. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ACTIVE

COMMON NAME: Racemic Disparlure

CHEMICAL NAME: (7R,8S) cis 7,8-epoxy-2-methyloctadecane CHEMICAL FAMILY of active ingredient: Insect Pheromone

C.A.S. NUMBER: 35898-62-5

FORMULA: C19H38O

CONSTRUCTION: Laminated PVC controlled release dispenser 1/32" X 3/32" to be aerially

applied with an appropriate sticker EPA Reg. No. 8730-55

#### SECTION IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

### IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything t o an unconscious person.

### IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

### IF ON SKIN:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

#### IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time (NPIC Web site: www.npic.orst.edu). After 4:30 pm call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

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MSDS Section. continued Product Name: Disrupt® II Gypsy Moth

#### SECTION V. FIRE HAZARD INFORMATION

FLASH POINT: N/A INFORMATION

FLAMMABLE LIMITS in air: N/A PRODUCT HAZARD

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical, foam, water fog or spray Carbon dioxide, foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: If involved in fire, use air-supplied equipment. Do not inhale fumes. Wear full protective equipment and NIOSH approved pressure demand, self contained breathing apparatus UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: When burned the hazardous decomposition products that will result because of incomplete combustion include carbon monoxide, other unidentified products of hydrocarbon degradation, No<sub>x</sub>, low level cyanides and hydrogen chloride.

#### SECTION VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If product has spilled pick up mechanically. Place unpouched product in tightly sealed containers. Keep out of water sources and sewers.

#### SECTION VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry place and away from open flames. To maintain product integrity protect from high temperatures. Keep container closed. Launder contaminated clothing before use. Wear protective equipment described above if exposure conditions warrant. Do not contaminate water sources, food or feed.

#### SECTION VIII. PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Usually none required.

EYE PROTECTION: Usually none required

VENTILATION: Good general ventilation should be sufficient.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: None required but vinyl, latex or rubber gloves recommended for

continuous handling.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: None under normal usage.

NOTE: Personal protection information shown above is based upon general nformation as to normal uses and conditions. Where special or unusual uses or conditions exist, it is suggested that the expert assistance of an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional be sought.

### SECTION IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

BULK DENSITY: N/A SPECIFIC GRAVITY/25<sup>0</sup>C: 0.9

MELTING POINT: 300<sup>0</sup>F BOILING POINT: N/A

FREEZING PT: N/A pH: N/A

PERCENT VOLATILE by volume: None specified

ODOR DESCRIPTION: Mild VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): N/A

VAPOR PRESSURE (20<sup>0</sup>C, mm HG): Not determined SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble

PERCENT ACTIVE IN PRODUCT: 17.9%

## SECTION X: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

PRODUCT STABILITY:UNSTABLE\_\_\_\_\_STABLE\_\_\_\_X
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: May Occur\_ May Not Occur\_X

Psge 2/4

MSDS Section. continued Product Name: Disrupt® II Gypsy Moth

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not store near easily ignited chemicals and materials or open flames. MATERIAL TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: On combustion, the polymeric dispensers may produce CO, CO2, HCL and CL2.

#### SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HEALTH/TOXICITY INFORMATION: Toxicological properties of the active ingredient have been investigated: Oral LD50 (rat) >34,000 mg kg. Dermal LD50 (rat) >2,025 mg/kg. Use appropriate procedures to prevent direct contact with skin or eyes and prevent inhalation. No significant toxicity is expected

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: None reported

#### SECTION XII: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse effections have been reported.

The ecotoxicological effects of this product have not been evaluated.

Chemical Fate Information No data available.

### SECTION XIII: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of onsite or at an approved disposal facility. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Plastic bag: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or incinerate or if allowed by state or local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Cardboard Box [when used as outside packaging]: Dispose of outside cardboard box in sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Metal drums [when used as outside packaging] Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities as long as none of the bags containing product have broken while in the drum. If bags have broken, triple rinse the drum and then offer for resulting or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

#### SECTION XIV: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### **Ground Transport (DOT)**

Biopesticide Class 60

#### SECTION XV: REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Classification: Non-Hazardous TSCA Status: Not listed on TSCA

CERCLA: Not subject to reporting requirements

RCRA: Non-hazardous SARA Title III: Not reportable 313 Reportable Ingredients: None

Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical Substances: None

Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants: None

Volatile Organic Compounds: None USDA Status: EPA Reg. No. 8730-55

This product is not intended for use where it is directly applied to food products

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#### SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION

 MSDS NUMBER
 100306
 DATE ISSUED: 17 Sept. 1986 (LZ)

 BY:
 Priscilla MacLean
 DATE REVISED: 19 March 2013

 TITLE:
 Product Development Manager
 Replaces 14 September 2009

#### WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Hercon Environmental warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions of use to the extent allowed by state law. Hercon neither makes, not authorizes any agent or representative to make any other warranty of fitness or of merchantability, guarantee or representation, expressed or implied concerning this material except as stated above. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to the label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Hercon Environmental. If this product is defective, Buyer's exclusive remedy shall be the replacement of the product, or if replacement is impracticable as determined by Hercon, refund of the purchase price. To the extent allowable by law, Hercon's maximum liability for breach of this warranty shall not exceed the purchase price of this product. In no case will Hercon be liable for incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from handling, storage, use, misuse or abuse of this product.

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MSDS Section. continued Product Name: Disrupt® II Gypsy Moth

			Section 1- Sul	ostance and Compa			
				Chemical description: Mixture of wax, emulsifiers and carriers all listed by EPA as exempt			
			from the requirement of		nce Suite C2, Riverside, CA 92507	EBA E-+ # 00306 CA 002	
			Prepared by: DZ	Ave.			
Information Calls: (951) 686-5008   Date Prepared: 02/22/08   Prepared by: DZ   Notice: Judgment based on indirect test data.  Section 2 - Physical/Chemical Characteristics							
				<u> </u>			
Molecular formula:	C H O		Section 2.1	- Active Ingredient Cl Molecular we			
		novy octa	decane	CAS #: 29			
Molecular Name: 2-methyl-7(R),8(S)-epoxy octadecane CAS #: 29804-22-6 Section 2.2 - SPLAT Characteristics							
Boiling Point: 100°C @ 760 mm/Hg Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O=1): 0.87 ± 0.05 g/mL							
Vapor Density: (Air=1): N/A							
Solubility in Water:	limited solubility		pH: 7	Water Reactive: NO	App	earance and Odor: creamy dark g	rey, slightly waxy floral odor
			Section 3 -	Fire and Explosion	Haza	rd Data	
Flammability as per	USA flame projection			Flash Point and			
Auto Ignition Temp			Media: CO <sub>2</sub> , Foam,	dry Potential hazardou	s prod	ucts of combustion: Carbon diox	ide, carbon monoxide, smoke,
	cher	nical		fumes, unburned h	ydroca	rbons, aldehydes and other prod	acts of combustion
Unusual Fire & Exp	olosion Hazards: Non	e				Procedures: Use standard fire fi	gnting procedures.
				4 – Reactivity Haza		ata	
Stability: Stable un	der ordinary conditio	ns of use		compatibility (Materials to		Hazardous Polymerization: 1	None known
-	osition Byproducts: N		av	oid): None known.		Conditions to Avoid: Presen	ts no special reactivity hazard
rrazardous Decomp	ostuon Byproducts. 1	vone knov		an f Tantadadadad	1 D - 4		is no special reactivity nazaru
T1-16-			Secti	ion 5 – Toxicologica			
Toxicity		T,	nhalation	Primary Rout Ingestion	es oi i	Skin Absorption	Eye
Acute Effects:			data available No data available		$\rightarrow$	No data available	No data available
Chronic Effects:			data available No data available			No data available	No data available
Special Remarks: Most likely route of entry is		s through skin.	rough skin.				
Medical Conditions	Generally Aggravate	d by Exp	osure: None Kr	nown.			
			Section 6 - 1	Emergency First Ai	d Pro	cedures	
Eye Contact:	Flush with water f	or 15 min	. Seek medical help	if necessary.			
Skin Contact:			Seek medical help i				
Inhalation:			xygen and call a ph				
Ingestion:	Administer water	and call a	physician or poisor	n control center immediate	ly. Do	not induce vomiting.	
			Section 7 –	Control and Protect	ive N	Ieasures	
	ion (specify type): N	one norm					
Protective Gloves:			Rubber gloves.				
Eye Protection: Ventilation Require			Splash proof safe Mechanical.	y glasses			
	thing & equipment:		Safety shower, et	ve wash			
				t, drink or apply cosmetics in work area! Wash with soap and water after contact. Wash at the			
			shift and before eating, sr				
			Section 8 - Pre	cautions for Safe H	andli	ng and Use	
Steps to be taken if	material is spilled or						
			ary landfill in accordance v		cal, state, and federal regulations		
Precautions to be taken in handling & Store tigh		Store tightly sealed in a cool, well-ventilated area. Observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Use					
storage: in accordance v		n accordance with g	good manufacturing and industrial hygiene practices. Use product in a properly ventilated work rink or smoke while handling product.				
-		ik of smoke while nandlin	g prodi	uct.			
Other Precautions and/or Special Hazards: None							
				9 – Regulatory Info	rma	tion	
HMIS Rating: Health Hazard 1; Fire Hazard 1; Reactivity 0; Personal Protection B (section 7)							
DOT Hazard Classification: Not Regulated							
	Inc. makes no warrant	y with resp	pect to such informat	ion and assumes no liability	for any	te above information is believed to y loss or injury which may result fr ccupational Safety and Health Adn	om the use of this information.

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen. [a] NTP [b] IARC Monograph [c] OSHA [d] Not Listed [e] Animal Data Only.

# **Porter County**

SITE (Treatment Method):	VALPO 1 (Btk x 2)
Sheriff Department	911 or 219-477-3000
City Police	219-462-2135
State Police	911 or 800-552-8917
Fire Department and EMS City of Valparais	
Center Township VFD	219-462-0810
Washington VFD	219-531-0050
Law Enforcement District 10 Headquarters	(C.O.) 219-879-5710
100 W. Water St. Michigan City, IN 46360	
Hospital:	911 or 219-983-8300
Porter Regional Hospital, Valparaiso	
Poison Control	800 382 9097
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill	Line 888-233-7745
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergence	cy Center) 800-424-9300
National Response Center (if spill occurs on	a highway) 800-424-8802
Hazmat	219-465-3593
Health Department	219-465-3525
Extension	219-465-3555
County council	219-465-3332
FAA Accident Report, Desplains, IL	847-294-7294
Nearest Airport:	
Porter County Municipal	
4101 Murvhill Rd.	219-462-6508
Valparaiso	

# **Porter County**

SITE (Treatment Method):	VALPO 2 (Btk x 2)	
Sheriff Department	911 or 219-477-3000	
City Police	219-462-2135	
State Police	911 or 800-552-8917	
Fire Department and EMS City of Valparais		
Center Township VFD	219-462-0810	
Washington VFD	219-531-0050	
Law Enforcement District 10 Headquarters	(C.O.) 219-879-5710	
100 W. Water St.		
Michigan City, IN 46360		
Hospital:	911 or 219-983-8300	
Porter Regional Hospital, Valparaiso		
Poison Control	800 382 9097	
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill	Line 888-233-7745	
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergen	cy Center) 800-424-9300	
<b>National Response Center (if spill occurs on</b>	a highway) 800-424-8802	
Hazmat	219-465-3593	
Health Department	219-465-3525	
Extension	219-465-3555	
County council	219-465-3332	
FAA Accident Report, Desplains, IL	847-294-7294	
Nearest Airport:		
Porter County Municipal		
4101 Murvhill Rd.	219-462-6508	
Valparaiso		

# **Porter County**

SITE (Treatment Method):	WESTVILLE 1		
,	(Mating Disruption)		
Sheriff Department	911 or 219-477-3000		
City Police	N/A		
State Police	911 or		
	800-552-8917		
Fire Department and EMS	911 or 219-926-8270		
Jackson Township VFD			
Law Enforcement District 10 Headquarters	(C.O.) 219-879-5710		
100 W. Water St.			
Michigan City, IN 46360			
Hospital:	911 or 219-983-8300		
Porter Regional Hospital, Valparaiso			
Poison Control	800 382 9097		
Dept. of Environmental Management - Spill	Line 888-233-7745		
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergence	cy Center) 800-424-9300		
<b>National Response Center (if spill occurs on</b>	a highway) 800-424-8802		
Hazmat	219-465-3593		
Health Department	219-465-3525		
Extension	219-465-3555		
County council	219-465-3332		
FAA Accident Report, Desplains, IL	847-294-7294		
Nearest Airport:			
Porter County Municipal			
4101 Murvhill Rd.	219-462-6508		
Valparaiso			

# **Tippecanoe County**

SITE (Treatment Method):	WEST LAFAYETTE 1 (Mating Disruption)		
` '	ETTE 2 (Btk x 2)		
Purdue University Police Department		911 or 765-494-8221	
205 S. Martin Jischke Drive, West Lafayette			
West Lafayette Police Department		911 or 765-775-5200	
711 W Navajo Street, West Lafayette		722 02 100 110 0200	
<b>Tippecanoe County Sheriff Department</b>		911 or 765-423-9388	
2460 Duncan Road, Lafayette			
Indiana State Police		911 or 765-567-2125	
5921 SR 463 North, West Lafayette		722 02 00 00 200	
Lafayette Police Department		911 or 765-807-1200	
260 N 6 <sup>th</sup> Street, Lafayette			
Wabash Township Fire Department		911 or 765-463-6664	
2899 Klondike Road, West Lafayette			
<b>Tippecanoe County Emergency Managem</b>	ent	765-742-1334	
6 <sup>th</sup> Street Building, Suite J, Lafayette			
DNR Law Enforcement District 3 Headqu	arters (C.O.)	765-567-7859	
4112 East SR 225, West Lafayette			
Franciscan St. Elizabeth Health Hospital		765-502-4000	
1702 South Creasy Lane, Lafayette			
Poison Control		800-382-9097	
IN Dept. of Environmental Management -	Spill Line	888-233-7745	
CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Eme	ergency Center)	800-424-9300	
National Response Center (if spill occurs of	n a highway)	800-424-8802	
<b>Tippecanoe County Health Department</b>		765-423-9221	
629 North 6 <sup>th</sup> Street, Lafayette			
Tippecanoe Co. Purdue Extension – Rober	rta Crabtree	765-474-0793	
3150 Sagamore Parkway South, Lafayette			
Mayor of West Lafayette – John R. Denni	765-775-5102		
609 West Navajo Street, West Lafayette			
<b>Purdue University Airport</b>	765-743-3442		
1501 Aviation Drive, West Lafayette			
FAA - 1560 Aviation Drive, West Lafayette		765-743-2611	
<b>Purdue Residences Operations Director-Allyson Goodrich</b>		765-494-6632	
Ben & Maxine Miller Child Development School		765-494-0240	

# **Whitley County**

SITE (Treatment Method):	LORANE 1 (Btk x 2)
<b>Indiana State Police District 22</b>	911 or 260 432 8661 or 800 552 0976
County Sheriff's Office	911
Whitely County Sheriff's Department (Dispatch)	260 244 6410
Fire Department and EMS	911
Jefferson Township Fire Department (Whitley C	ounty) 260 396 2112
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C	<b>2.0.</b> )
1353 South Governors Drive, Columbia City, IN	<b>260 244 3720</b>
Nearest Hospital	
Parkview Whitley Hospital	911 or 260 248 9000
1260 East SR 2015, Columbia City, IN 46725	
Indiana Poison Control Center	800 382 9097
<b>Dept. of Environmental Management</b> – Spill 1	Line <b>888 233 7745</b>
CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emerge	ency Center <b>800 424 9300</b>
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a	highway) <b>800 424 8802</b>
Health Department	260 449 7561
Extension Agent (Whitley County), David Ad	dison <b>260 244 7615</b>
Columbia City Mayor's Office, Mayor: Ryan	Daniel <b>260 248 5100</b>
Columbia Township Trustee, Mike Myers	260 244 0045
Fort Wayne Public Information Officer, Fran	k Suárez <b>260 427 2146</b>
FAA – Fort Wayne	
Airport Traffic Control, Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport	
Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne,	IN 46825 <b>260 489 8020</b>
Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. F	Furguson Rd. <b>260 747 4146</b>
#209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	
NTSB Regional Office: Chicago	Ph: 630 377 8177
31 West 775 North Ave, West Chicago, IL 601	85 <b>Fax: 630 377 8172</b>
24-Hour Accident Reporting Hotline: Overdu	e aircraft <b>888 464 7427</b>
Whitley County Emergency Mgmt/Homeland	l Security
Director, Cathy Broxon-Ball	260 248 3167

# **Allen and Whitley Counties**

SITE (Treatment Method):	ARCOLA 1 (mating disruption)
Indiana State Police District 22	911 or 260 432 8661 or
	800 552 0976
County Sheriff's Office	911
Allen County Sheriff's Department (Dispatch)	260 449 7661
Whitely County Sheriff's Department (Dispatch)	260 244 6410
Fort Wayne Police Department	911 or 260 427 1230
Fire Department and EMS	911
Fort Wayne Fire Department	260 427 1170
Aboite Township Fire Department (Allen Count	y) <b>260 436 1449</b>
Jefferson Township Fire Department (Whitley C	ounty) 260 396 2112
Law Enforcement District 2 Headquarters (C	C.O.)
1353 South Governors Drive, Columbia City, IN	V 46725 <b>260 244 3720</b>
Nearest Hospital	
Lutheran Hospital	911 or 260 435 7001
7950 West Jefferson Blvd, Fort Wayne, IN 468	04
<b>Indiana Poison Control Center</b>	800 382 9097
<b>Dept. of Environmental Management</b> – Spill	Line <b>888 233 7745</b>
<b>CHEMTREC</b> Chemical Transportation Emerge	ency Center <b>800 424 9300</b>
National Response Center (if spill occurs on a	highway) <b>800 424 8802</b>
<b>Health Department</b>	260 449 7561
Extension Agent (Allen County), Ricky Kemer	ry <b>260 481 6826</b>
Extension Agent (Whitley County), David Ad	dison <b>260 244 7615</b>
Fort Wayne Mayor's Office, Mayor Tom Henry	ry <b>260 427 1111</b>
Aboite Township Trustee (Allen County), Ba	rbara Krisher <b>260 432 0970</b>
<b>Jefferson Township Trustee (Whitley County</b>	y), Chad Nix 260 244 2830
Fort Wayne Public Information Officer, Fran	k Suárez <b>260 427 2146</b>
FAA – Fort Wayne	
Airport Traffic Control, Local Coordinator	260 479 6551
Nearest Airport	
Smith Field, 426 W. Ludwig Rd., Fort Wayne,	IN 46825 <b>260 489 8020</b>
Fort Wayne International Airport, 3801 W. F	
#209, Fort Wayne, IN 46809	
NTSB Regional Office: Chicago	Ph: 630 377 8177
31 West 775 North Ave, West Chicago, IL 601	85 <b>Fax: 630 377 8172</b>
24-Hour Accident Reporting Hotline: Overdu	e aircraft <b>888 464 7427</b>

Allen County Office of Homeland Security	
Director, Bernard Beier	260 439 8300 or 260 449 4663
Whitley County Emergency Mgmt/Homeland Security	
Director, Cathy Broxon-Ball	260 248 3167